



VEERMATA JIJABAI TECHNOLOGICAL INSTITUTE

[Central Technological Institute, Maharashtra State]

Matunga, Mumbai-400 019

SEMESTER EXAMINATION

2011

DATE OF EXAM 16-7-11
TIME 2:30pm to 5:30pm
MARKS 100

SEMESTER & PROGRAM

IV/S.Y.B.Tech Electronics

TIME ALLOWED

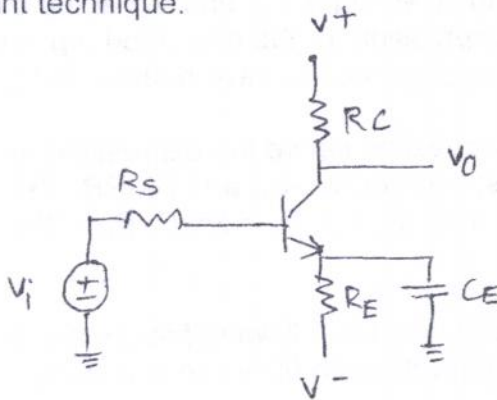
3 HRS.

COURSE (CourseCode) :

ECAD-II

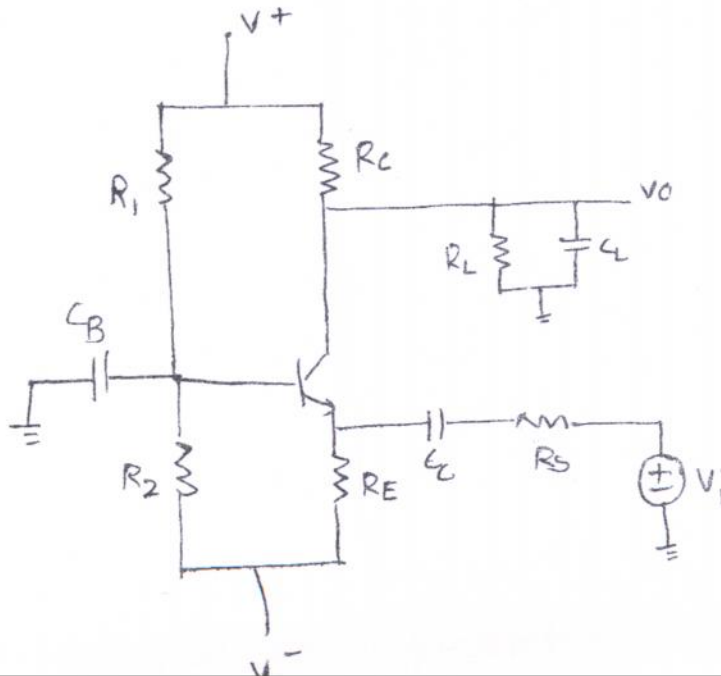
- Instructions:**
1. Attempt All questions.
 2. **Figures** to the right indicate **Full Marks**.
 3. Assume suitable **additional data**, if required.
 4. Illustrate your answer with neat sketches whenever necessary.

- Q1. a) Explain the advantages/disadvantages of using a bypass capacitor as shown in the circuit below. Derive the transfer function for this configuration and draw the magnitude bode plot. Do not use the time constant technique. 10



- b) For the above circuit, $R_E = 4k\Omega$, $R_C = 2k\Omega$, $R_S = 0.5k\Omega$, $C_E = 1\mu F$, $V_{+/-} = \pm 5V$, $\beta = 100$, $r_o = \infty$. Find out V_{CEQ} , I_{CQ} , g_m , r_{π} , and the time constants, corner frequencies and the voltage gain(s). 10

- Q2. a) For the common base circuit as shown below find out V_{CEQ} , I_{CQ} , g_m , r_{π} , f_{H1} , $f_{H\mu}$ and the midband voltage gain. $R_1 = 40k\Omega$, $R_2 = 5.72k\Omega$, $R_E = 0.5k\Omega$, $R_C = 5k\Omega$, $R_S = 0.1k\Omega$, $R_L = 10k\Omega$, $V_{+/-} = \pm 5V$, $\beta = 150$, $V_A = \infty$, $C_{\pi} = 35pF$, $C_{\mu} = 4pF$. 10



(P.T.O)

- b) For an op-amp connected in series-shunt configuration derive the expression for closed loop voltage gain and the equivalent input resistance. 10
- Q3. a) Calculate the practical efficiency for the common source circuit. $V_{DD} = 10V$, $R_D = 5k\Omega$, $K_n = 1mA/V^2$, $V_{TN} = 1V$, $\lambda = 0$. Assume o/p voltage swing limited to range between transition point and $V_{DS} = 9V$. 10
- b) Discuss class AB power amplifier with V_{BE} multiplier 05
- c) Determine P_{Dmax} , T_{case} , T_{sink} , given $\theta_{dev-case} = 1.75^\circ C/W$, $\theta_{case-sink} = 1^\circ C/W$, $\theta_{sink-amb} = 5^\circ C/W$, $\theta_{case-amb} = 50^\circ C/W$, $T_{amb} = 30^\circ C$, $T_{jmax} = T_{dev} = 150^\circ C$. Consider both cases: with a heat sink and without a heat sink. 05
- Q4. a) For a differential amplifier with i/p voltages V_{b1} and V_{b2} at the base of the two transistors, derive the expression for the one sided o/p in terms of A_d and A_{CM} . The current source is assumed to have resistance R_o . 10
- b) Using results from the above question derive the expression for CMRR. For the following values, find out A_d , A_{CM} and CMRR. $V_{+/-} = +/- 5V$, $I_Q = 0.8mA$, $R_C = 12k\Omega$, $\beta = 100$, $V_A = \infty$, $R_o = 25k\Omega$, $R_B = 0k\Omega$. The output is one sided. 10
- Q5. a) Discuss/explain mathematically how the following factors are affected by feedback: (i)Gain sensitivity (ii)Bandwidth (iii)Noise sensitivity (iv)Non linear distortion 08
- b) For a 2 stage CE amplifier, derive expression for loop gain and hence discuss stability of the circuit with the help of Bode plots. 08
- c) For the given loop gain, determine stability for $\beta = 0.2$ and $\beta = 0.02$ 04

$$T(f) = \frac{\beta(100)}{\left(1 + j\frac{f}{10^5}\right)^3}$$